

## ASAMBLARI DEMONTABILE

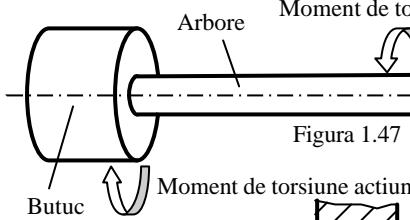


Figura 1.47

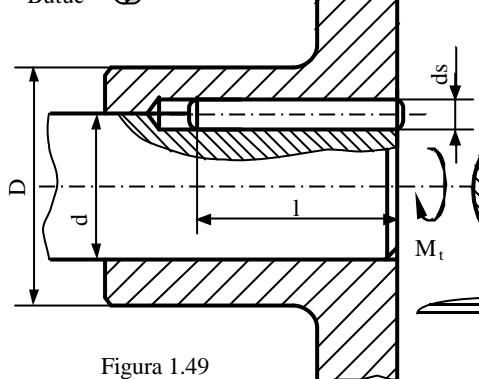


Figura 1.49

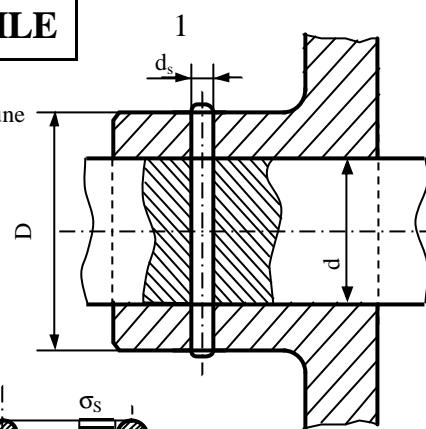


Figura 1.48

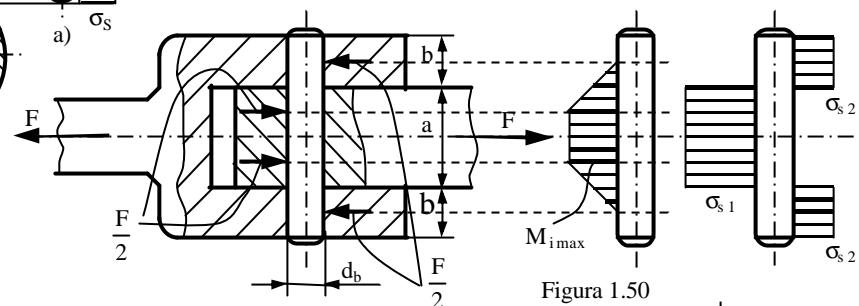


Figura 1.50



Figura 1.51

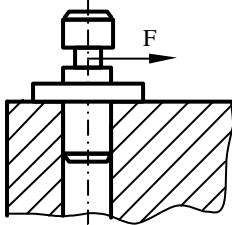


Figura 1.53.a

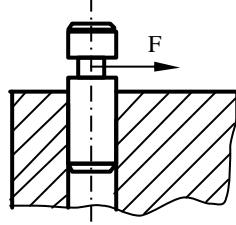


Figura 1.53.b

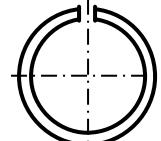


Figura 1.54.a

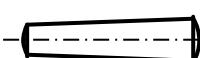


Figura 1.54.b

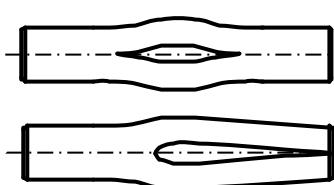


Figura 1.52

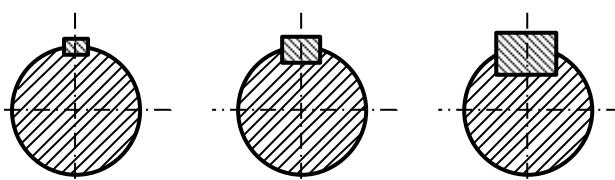
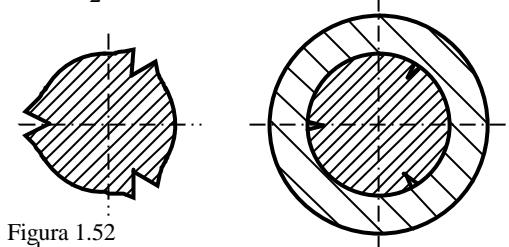


Figura 1.57

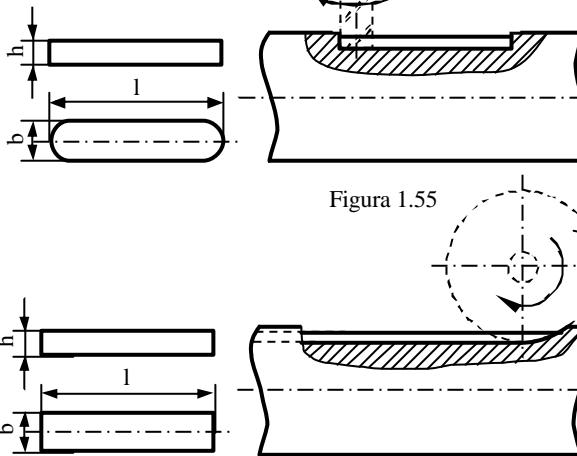


Figura 1.55

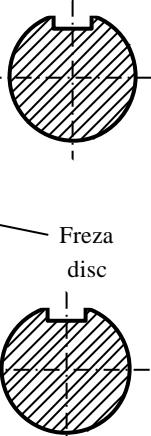


Figura 1.56

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sigma_{s1\max} \cdot \frac{d}{2} \cdot d_s \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot d = M_{tc} \Rightarrow \sigma_{s1\max} \leq \sigma_{sa(\text{stift}-\text{arbore})} \\ \sigma_{s2m} \cdot \frac{D-d}{2} \cdot d_s \cdot \frac{D+d}{2} = M_{tc} \Rightarrow \sigma_{s2m} \leq \sigma_{sa(\text{stift}-\text{butuc})} \\ \tau_f \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot d_s^2 \cdot d = M_{tc}; \quad \tau_f \leq \tau_{af} \text{ stift} \end{cases}$$

(1.39)

Recomandari constructive:  $\frac{d_s}{d} = 0,2 \dots 0,3$ ;  $\frac{D}{d} = 2$  (otel/otel);  $\frac{D}{d} = 2,5$  (fonta/otel).

$$\begin{cases} \sigma_s \cdot \frac{d_s}{2} \cdot \frac{d}{2} = M_{tc} \Rightarrow \sigma_s \leq \sigma_{asmin} \\ \tau_f \cdot d_s \cdot \frac{d}{2} = M_{tc} \Rightarrow \tau_f \leq \tau_{af} \end{cases}, \text{ recomandari: } \frac{d_s}{d} = 0,13 \dots 0,16; \quad \frac{1}{d} = 1 \dots 1,5.$$

(1.40)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \cdot \sigma_{s2} \cdot d \cdot b = F \Rightarrow \sigma_{s2} \leq \sigma_{sa \min} \\ \sigma_{s1} \cdot d \cdot a = F \Rightarrow \sigma_{s1} \leq \sigma_{sa \min} \\ \frac{F}{2} \cdot \left( \frac{a}{4} + \frac{b}{2} \right) = M_{i \max}; \quad \sigma_i = \frac{M_{i \max}}{\pi \cdot d_b^3} \leq \sigma_{ai} \\ \frac{32}{32} \end{array} \right. \quad (1.41)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_s \cdot \frac{h}{2} \cdot l \cdot \left( \frac{d}{2} \pm \frac{h}{4} \right) &= M_{tc} \\ \sigma_s \cdot \frac{h}{2} \cdot l \cdot \frac{d}{2} &\geq M_{tc} \Rightarrow \sigma_s \leq \sigma_{sa} \\ \tau_f \cdot b \cdot l \cdot \frac{d}{2} &= M_{tc} \Rightarrow \tau_f \leq \tau_{af} \end{aligned} \quad (1.42)$$

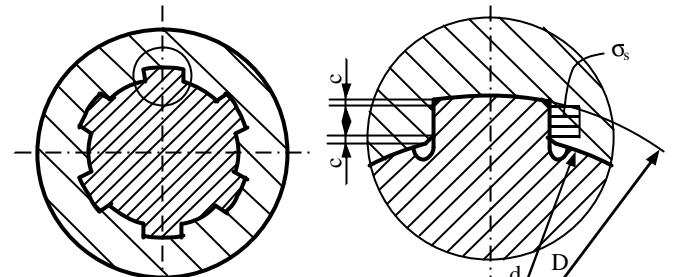
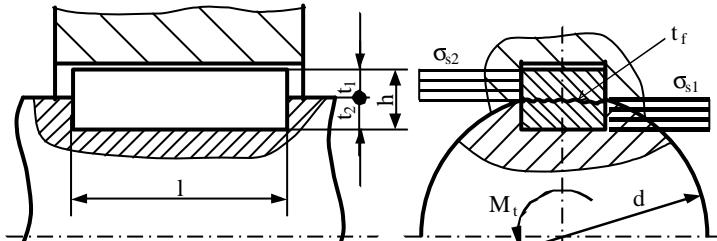


Figura 1.58

Figura 1.59

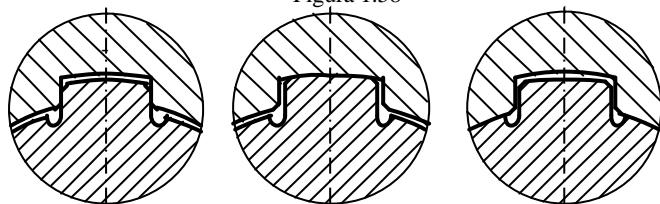


Figura 1.60

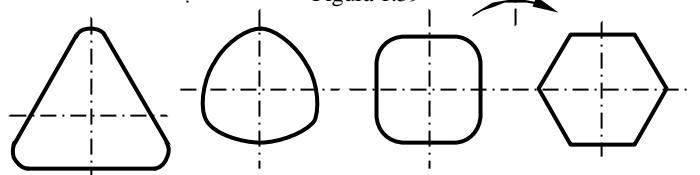


Figura 1.61

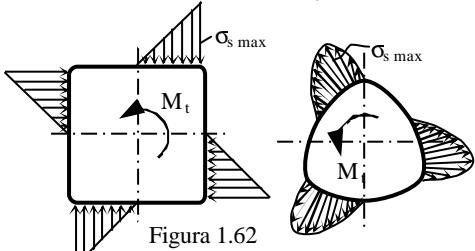
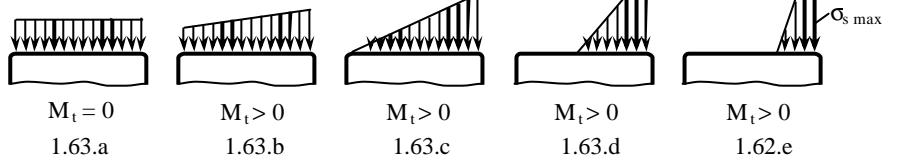


Figura 1.62



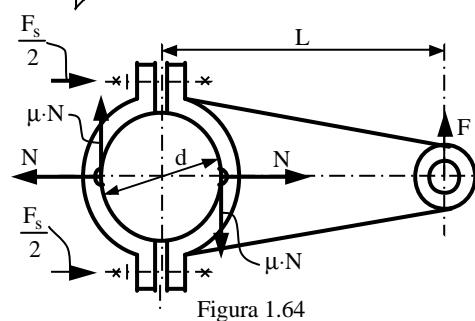
1.63.a

1.63.b

1.63.c

1.63.d

1.62.e



$$r_m = \frac{D+d}{2}$$

$$S_{nec} = \frac{M_{tc}}{r_m \cdot \sigma_{as}}$$

$$s' = 0,75 \cdot z \cdot \left( \frac{D-d}{2} - 2 \cdot c \right)$$

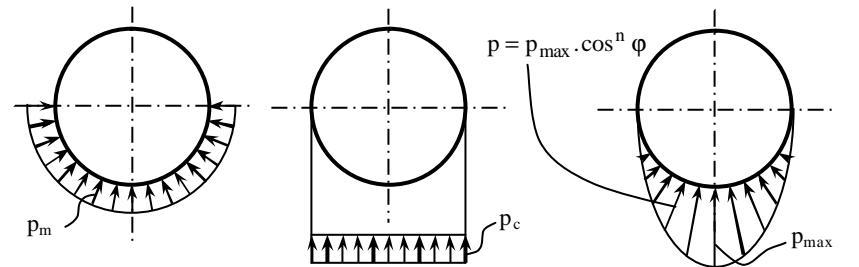
$$L_{nec} \geq \frac{S_{nec}}{s'}$$

$$2 \cdot \left( \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sigma_{smax} \cdot \frac{a}{2} \cdot l \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot a \right) = M_{tc} \Rightarrow \sigma_{smax} \leq \sigma_{sa}$$

$$\mu \cdot N \cdot d \geq M_{tc}$$

$$M_{tc} = k_1 \cdot k_2 \cdot F \cdot L$$

$$N = \frac{M_{tc}}{\mu \cdot d} = F_s$$



1.65.a

1.65.b

1.65.c

(1.43)

(1.44)

(1.45)

(1.46)

$$\sigma_s = \frac{N}{b \cdot d} \leq \sigma_{as}$$

Pentru cazul din figura 1.65 c): daca  $n = 1$ :  $p_{max} = \frac{4}{\pi} \cdot p_c$ ; daca  $n = 2$ :  $p_{max} = \frac{3}{2} \cdot p_c$ .

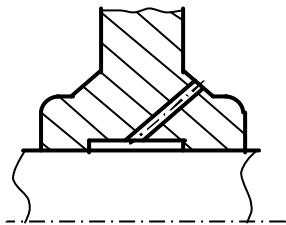


Figura 1.67

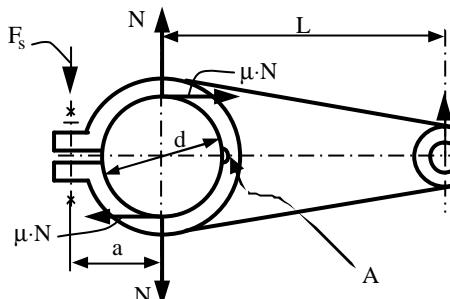


Figura 1.66

$$F_s \cdot \left( a + \frac{d}{2} \right) - N \cdot \frac{d}{2} - \mu \cdot N \cdot \frac{d}{2} = 0$$

$\mu \cdot N \cdot d \geq M_{tc}$  (conditia de ne-patinare).

$$\Rightarrow N = \frac{M_{tc}}{\mu \cdot d}; \quad F_s = \frac{N \cdot \frac{d}{2} \cdot (1 + \mu)}{a + \frac{d}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_s = \frac{M_{tc} \cdot (1 + \mu)}{\mu \cdot (2 \cdot a + d)} \quad \text{® Cu } F_s \text{ se dimensioneaza suruburile.}$$

$$\sigma_s = \frac{N}{d \cdot b} \leq \sigma_{as}$$

$$p_{min} = \sigma_{s min} = \frac{F_a}{\mu \cdot \pi \cdot d \cdot l} \quad (1.52)$$

$$p_{min} = \sigma_{s min} = \frac{2 \cdot M_t}{\mu \cdot \pi \cdot d^2 \cdot l} \quad (1.53)$$

$$R = \sqrt{F_a^2 + F_t^2}; \quad N = \frac{R}{\mu}; \quad p_{min} = \frac{N}{\pi \cdot d \cdot l} \quad (1.54)$$

$$p_{min} = \sigma_{s min} = \frac{\sqrt{F_a^2 + \left( \frac{2 \cdot M_t}{d} \right)^2}}{\mu \cdot \pi \cdot d \cdot l} \quad (1.55)$$

$$S_{min} = \Delta d + \Delta b = d_a - d_b \quad (1.56)$$

$$\Delta a = \sigma_{s min} \cdot \frac{K_a}{E_a} \cdot d; \quad K_a = \frac{d^2 + d_1^2}{d^2 - d_1^2} - \mu_a \quad (1.57)$$

$$\Delta b = \sigma_{s min} \cdot \frac{K_b}{E_b} \cdot d; \quad K_b = \frac{d^2 + d_1^2}{d^2 - d_1^2} - \mu_b$$

$$S_{min} = \sigma_{s min} \cdot \left( \frac{K_a}{E_a} + \frac{K_b}{E_b} \right) \cdot d \quad (1.58)$$

$$S_{mintot} = S_{min} + S_r + S_t \quad (1.59)$$

$$S_r = 1,2 \cdot (R_{maxa} + R_{maxb}) \quad (1.60)$$

$$S_t = [\alpha_b \cdot (t_b - t_0) - \alpha_a \cdot (t_a - t_0)] \cdot d \quad (1.61)$$

$$\frac{\sigma_{t max} - \sigma_{r max}}{2} = 0,5 \cdot \sigma_c \rightarrow \text{dupa teoria tensiunilor tangențiale} \quad (1.62)$$

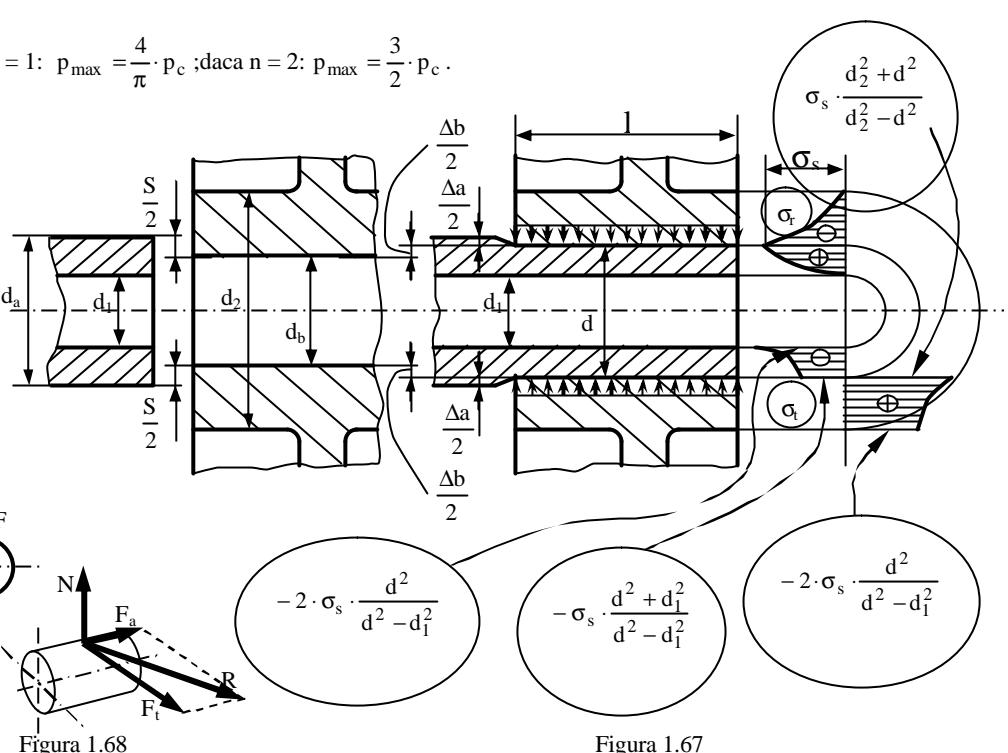


Figura 1.67

(1.48)

Figura 1.68

$$-2 \cdot \sigma_s \cdot \frac{d^2}{d^2 - d_1^2}$$

$$-\sigma_s \cdot \frac{d^2 + d_1^2}{d^2 - d_1^2}$$

$$-2 \cdot \sigma_s \cdot \frac{d^2}{d^2 - d_1^2}$$

(1.49)

$$\frac{\sigma_{t \max} - \sigma_{r \max}}{2} = 0,75 \cdot \sigma_c \rightarrow \text{dupa teoria energetica} \quad (1.63)$$

Pentru butuc:  $\sigma_{t \max_b} = \sigma_s \cdot \frac{d_2^2 + d^2}{d_2^2 - d^2}; \quad \sigma_{r \max_b} = -\sigma_s$

Pentru arbore:  $\sigma_{t \max_a} = -2 \cdot \sigma_s \cdot \frac{d^2}{d^2 - d_1^2}; \quad \sigma_{r \max_a} = \sigma_s$

$$\frac{\sigma_{s \max_b} \cdot \left[ \frac{d_2^2 + d^2}{d_2^2 - d^2} - (-1) \right]}{2} = 0,5 \cdot \frac{\sigma_{cb}}{c_c} \quad (1.64)$$

$$\frac{\sigma_{s \max_a} \cdot \left[ -2 \cdot \frac{d^2}{d^2 - d_1^2} - (1) \right]}{2} = 0,5 \cdot \frac{\sigma_{ca}}{c_c} \quad (1.65)$$

$$\sigma_{s \max} = \min(\sigma_{s \max b}, \sigma_{s \max a}) \quad (1.66)$$

$$S_{\max} = \sigma_{s \max} \cdot \left( \frac{K_a}{E_a} + \frac{K_b}{E_b} \right) \cdot d \quad (1.67)$$

$$S_{\max \text{ tot}} = S_{\max} + S_r + S_t \quad (1.68)$$

$$S_{\max}^{\text{STAS}} \leq S_{\max \text{ tot}} \text{ si } S_{\min}^{\text{STAS}} \geq S_{\min \text{ tot}} \quad (1.69)$$

$$S_{\max}^{\text{STAS}} + J = \alpha_b \cdot (t - t_0) \cdot d \Rightarrow t \quad (1.70)$$

$$S_{\max}^{\text{STAS}} + J = \alpha_a \cdot (t_0 - t) \cdot d \Rightarrow t \quad (1.71)$$

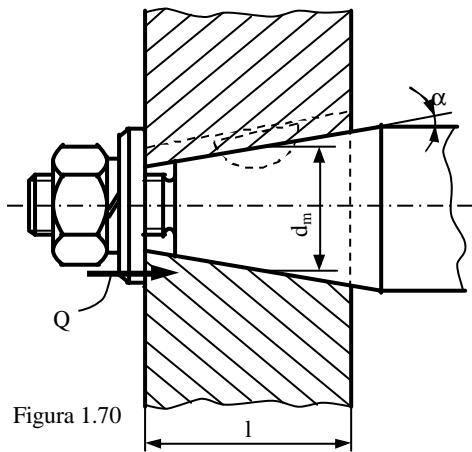
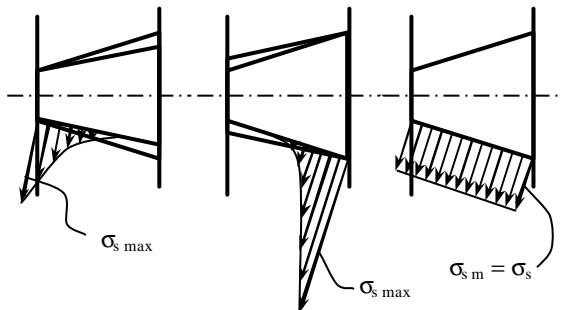


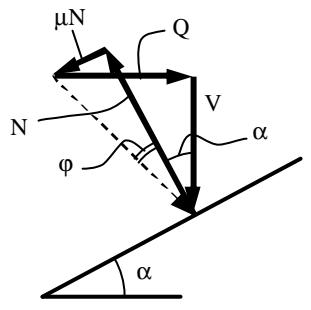
Figura 1.70



1.71.a

1.71.b

1.71.c



1.72

$$Q = N \cdot (\mu \cdot \cos \alpha + \sin \alpha)$$

$$N = \frac{2 \cdot M_{tc}}{\mu \cdot d_m} \quad (1.72)$$

$$M_{tc} = k_1 \cdot k_2 \cdot M_{tnominal} \quad (1.73)$$

$$\sigma_s = \frac{N}{\pi \cdot d_m \cdot l} \leq \sigma_{sa} \quad (1.74)$$

$$M_{tc} = K_1 \cdot K_2 \cdot M_{tn} \quad (1.75)$$

$$N = \frac{2 \cdot M_{tc}}{\mu \cdot d}; \quad \sigma_s = \frac{N}{\pi \cdot d \cdot l} \leq \sigma_{sa} \quad (1.76)$$

$$F_{a1} = N \cdot [\tan(\alpha + \phi_1) + \tan \phi] \quad (1.77)$$

$$F_{a0} = \frac{E \cdot S}{l_0} \cdot \Delta l_r \quad (1.78)$$

$$\tan(\alpha + \phi_1) = \frac{\Delta l_r}{\Delta l_a} \quad (1.79)$$

$$F_{a0} = \frac{2 \cdot E \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot (D^2 - d^2)}{4}}{\frac{D + d}{4}} \cdot \Delta l_a \cdot \tan(\alpha + \phi_1) \quad (1.79)$$

$$\sigma_{sm} \cdot \pi \cdot d \cdot l \cdot \mu \cdot \frac{d}{2} = M_{tc} \quad (1.80)$$

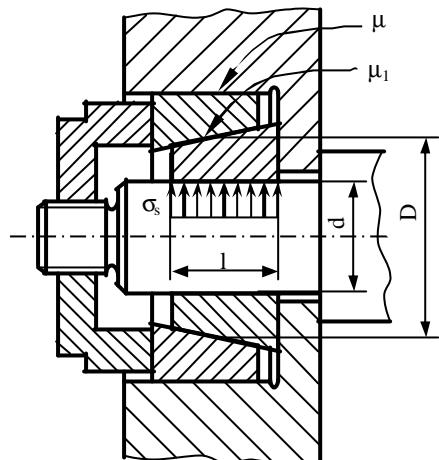


Figura 1.73

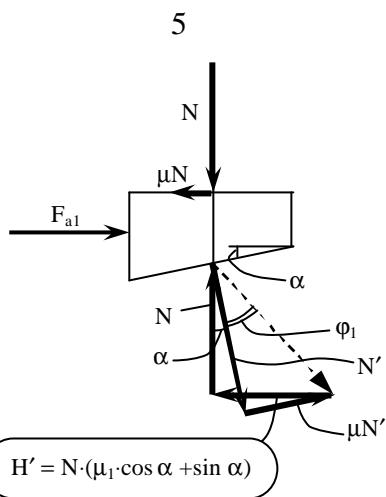


Figura 1.76

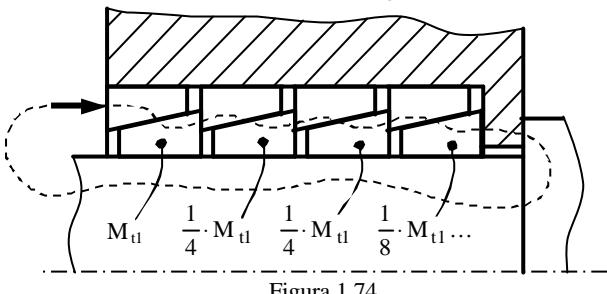


Figura 1.74

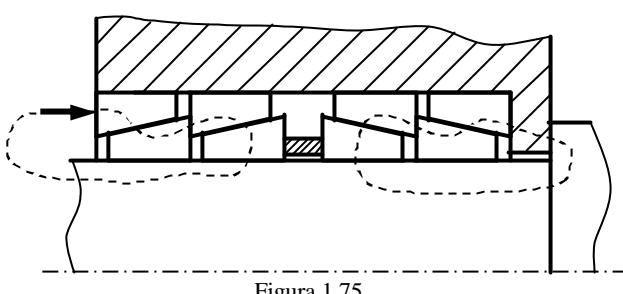


Figura 1.75

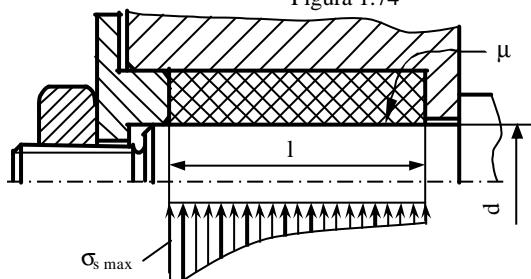


Figura 1.77

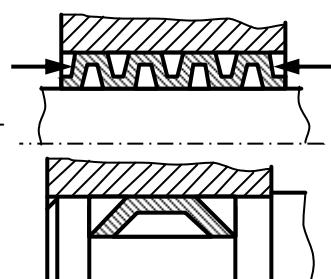


Figura 1.78

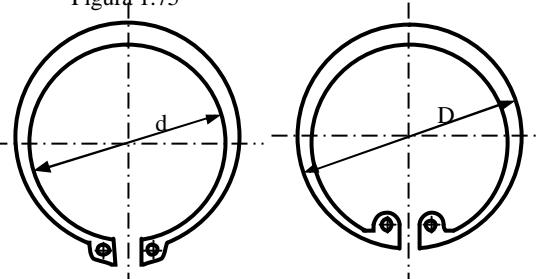
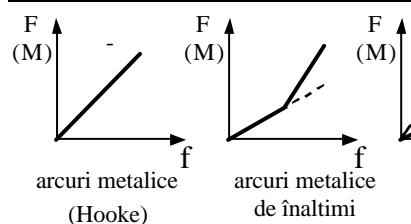


Figura 1.79

Tabelul 1.2

Marca	STAS	$S_c$ [MPa]	$S_R$ [MPa]	Alungirea la rupere, A%	Tipuri de arcuri
OLC 55A	795-80	880	1080	6	lamelare, cu foi, spirale
OLC 65A		780	980	10	
OLC 75A		880	1080	9	lamelare, cu foi, spirale, elicoidale
OLC 85A		980	1130	8	
51 Si 18A	795-80	1080	1180		cu foi, elicoidale
56 Si 17A		1270	1480		
60 Si 15A		1080	1270	6	cu foi, elicoidale, disc, inelare
51 VCr 11A		1180	1320		cu foi, elicoidale, disc, inelare, bara de torsiune
61 Si 2 WA	11514-80	1668	1864	5	elicoidale, bara de torsiune
40 Cr130	3583-80	1250	1650	—	elicoidale
12 TiNiCr 180	11523-80	1450	1650	—	elicoidale

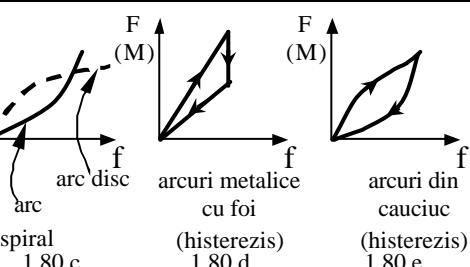


1.80.a

$$c = \frac{dF}{df} \text{ sau } c = \frac{dM}{d\theta}$$

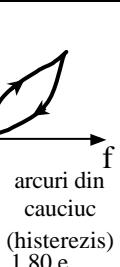
$$L = \int F \cdot df \text{ sau } L = \int M \cdot d\theta$$

$$k_v = \frac{L}{V}$$

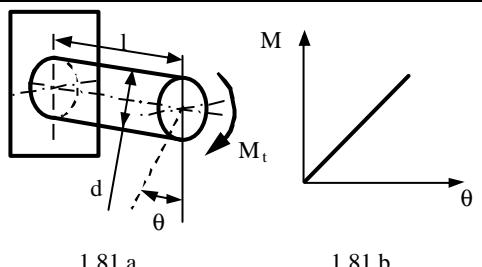


1.80.c

1.80.d



1.80.e



1.81.a

$$(1.81)$$

$$(1.82)$$

$$(1.83)$$

$$k_u = \frac{\frac{L}{V}}{\frac{\tau_{\max}^2}{G}} , \text{ pentru solicitarea de torsiune, sau} \quad (1.84)$$

$$k_u = \frac{\frac{L}{V}}{\frac{\sigma_{\max}^2}{E}} , \text{ pentru solicitarea de încovoiere sau de tractiune-compresiune.}$$

$$k_u = k_v \cdot \frac{G}{\tau_{\max}^2} , \text{ pentru solicitarea de torsiune, sau} \quad (1.85)$$

$$k_u = k_v \cdot \frac{E}{\sigma_{\max}^2} , \text{ pentru solicitarea de încovoiere sau de tractiune-compresiune.}$$

$$L_h = L - L' \quad (1.86)$$

$$\eta = \frac{L'}{L} = 1 - \frac{L_h}{L} \quad (1.87)$$

$$\delta = \frac{L - L'}{L + L'} = \frac{1 - \eta}{1 + \eta} \quad (1.88)$$

$$\tau_t = \frac{M_t}{W_p} \leq \tau_{at} \quad (1.89)$$

$$\theta = \frac{M_t \cdot l}{G \cdot I_p} = \frac{32 \cdot M_t \cdot l}{\pi \cdot G \cdot d^4} \quad (1.90)$$

$$c = \frac{\pi \cdot d^4 \cdot G}{32 \cdot l} \quad (1.91)$$

$$L = \frac{M_t \cdot \theta}{2} = \frac{M_t^2 \cdot l}{2 \cdot G \cdot I_p} = \frac{(W_p \cdot \tau_{at})^2 \cdot l}{2 \cdot G \cdot I_p} = \frac{\left(\frac{\pi}{16} \cdot d^3 \cdot \tau_{at}\right)^2 \cdot l}{2 \cdot G \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot d^4}{32}} \quad (1.92)$$

$$L = 0,25 \cdot \frac{\tau_{t \max}^2}{G} \cdot V \quad (1.93)$$

$$d_{nec} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{16 \cdot M_t}{\pi \cdot \tau_{at}}} \text{ sau } l_{nec} = \frac{\pi \cdot d^4 \cdot \theta \cdot G}{32 \cdot M_t} \quad (1.94)$$

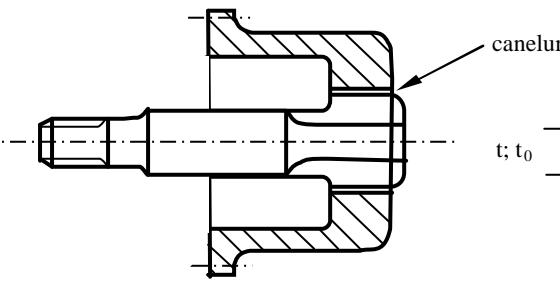


Figura 1.82

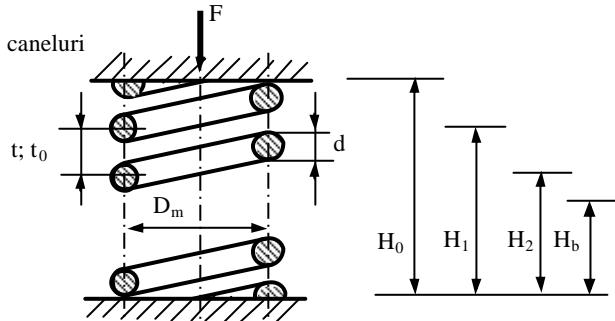


Figura 1.83

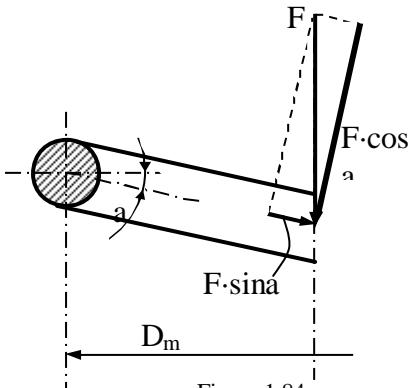


Figura 1.84

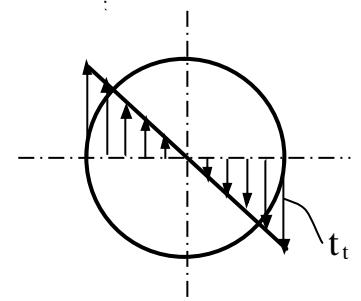
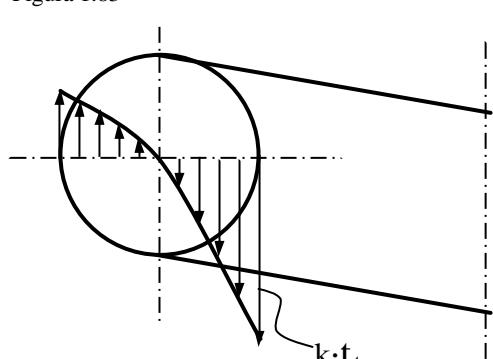


Figura 1.85



$$(1.95)$$

$$M_t = \frac{F \cdot \cos \alpha \cdot D_m}{2}$$

$$M_i = \frac{F \cdot \sin \alpha \cdot D_m}{2} \quad (1.96)$$

$$F_{\perp} = F \cdot \cos \alpha \quad (1.97)$$

$$F_N = F \cdot \sin \alpha \quad (1.98)$$

$$\tau_t = \frac{M_t}{W_p} = \frac{8 \cdot F \cdot D_m}{\pi \cdot d^3} \quad (1.99)$$

$$\tau_f = \frac{F}{A} = \frac{4 \cdot F}{\pi \cdot d^2}, \quad (1.100)$$

$$\tau = \frac{4 \cdot F}{\pi \cdot d^2} \cdot \left( 2 \cdot \frac{D_m}{d} + 1 \right) = \frac{4 \cdot F}{\pi \cdot d^2} \cdot (2 \cdot i + 1), \text{ unde: } i = \frac{D_m}{d} \text{ este indicele arcului (raportul de înfasurare)} \quad (1.101)$$

$$\tau = \tau_t = \frac{8 \cdot F \cdot i}{\pi \cdot d^2} \quad (1.102)$$

$$\tau_{\max} = k \cdot \tau \quad (1.103)$$

$$k = \frac{i + 0,5}{i - 0,5} \quad (1.104)$$

$$\tau_{\max} = \frac{8 \cdot k \cdot D_m \cdot F}{\pi \cdot d^3} = \frac{8 \cdot k \cdot i \cdot F}{\pi \cdot d^2} \leq \tau_a \quad (1.105)$$

$$d_{\text{nec}} \geq \sqrt{\frac{8 \cdot k \cdot F \cdot i}{\pi \cdot \tau_{\text{at}}}}, \text{ cu } D_m = i \cdot d \quad (1.106)$$

$$f = \frac{D_m}{2} \cdot \theta; \quad \theta = \frac{M_t \cdot l}{G \cdot I_p} \quad (1.107)$$

$$f = \frac{8 \cdot F \cdot i^3 \cdot n}{G \cdot d} \quad (1.108)$$

$$c = \frac{G \cdot d^4}{8 \cdot n \cdot D_m^3} \quad (1.109)$$

$$n = \frac{f \cdot G \cdot d^4}{8 \cdot D_m^3 \cdot F} \quad (1.110)$$

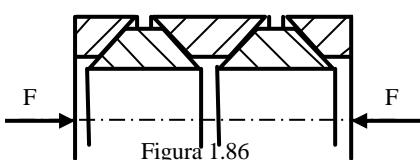
$$W = \frac{F \cdot f}{2} \quad (1.111)$$

$$F = \frac{\pi \cdot d^3 \cdot \tau_a}{8 \cdot D_m} \text{ (pentru } k = 1) \quad (1.112)$$

$$F = \frac{\pi \cdot d^2 \cdot \tau_a}{8 \cdot k \cdot D_m} \text{ (pentru } k \text{ real)} \quad (1.113)$$

$$f = \frac{M_t \cdot \pi \cdot D_m \cdot n}{G \cdot I_p} = \frac{F \cdot \frac{D_m}{2} \cdot \pi \cdot D_m \cdot n}{G \cdot I_p} = \frac{\pi \cdot n \cdot D_m^2 \cdot F}{2 \cdot G \cdot I_p} \quad (1.114)$$

$$W = \left( \frac{0,25}{k^2} \right) \cdot \frac{\tau_{\max}^2}{G} \cdot V \quad (1.115)$$



$$\sigma_{i\max} = \frac{6 \cdot F \cdot l}{b \cdot h^2} \leq \sigma_{ai}$$

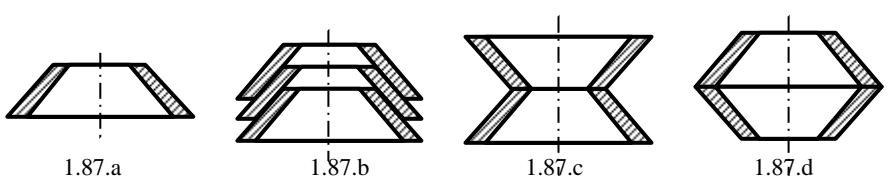
$$\sigma_{i\max} = \frac{M_{\max}}{W_z} = \frac{6 \cdot F \cdot l}{b \cdot h^2} \leq \sigma_{ai} \quad (1.116)$$

$$\sigma_{ix} = \frac{M_x}{W_{zx}} = \frac{F \cdot x}{W_z \cdot \frac{x}{l}} = \frac{F \cdot l}{W_z} = \sigma_{i\max} \quad (1.117)$$

$$W_{zx} = \frac{b_x \cdot h_x^2}{1} = W_z \cdot \frac{x}{l} = \frac{b \cdot h^2}{6} \cdot \frac{x}{l} \quad (1.118)$$

$$b_x = b_0 + (b - b_0) \cdot \frac{x}{l} \quad (1.119)$$

$$S_{\text{nec}} = \sqrt[3]{\left( \frac{b}{h} \right) \cdot \sigma_{ai}} \quad (1.120)$$



$$f_1 = \frac{F \cdot l^3}{3 \cdot E \cdot I_z}; \quad I_z = \frac{b \cdot h^3}{12} \quad (\text{figura 1.78.a})$$

$$f_2 = \frac{F \cdot l^3}{2 \cdot E \cdot I_z}; \quad f_2 > f_1 \quad (\text{figura 1.78.b})$$

$$f_3 = \frac{F \cdot l^3}{3 \cdot E \cdot I_z} \cdot \frac{3 \cdot (3 \cdot \beta^2 - 4 \cdot \beta + 2 \cdot \beta^2 \cdot \ln \beta)}{2 \cdot (1-\beta)^3}, \quad (\text{figura 1.78.c})$$

$$f_2 > f_3 > f_1$$

$$L_1 = \frac{1}{18} \cdot \frac{\sigma_{\text{max}}^2}{E} \cdot V;$$

$$L_2 = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{\sigma_{\text{max}}^2}{E} \cdot V;$$

$$L_3 = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{(3 \cdot \beta^2 - 4 \cdot \beta + 1 - 2 \cdot \beta^2 \cdot \ln \beta)}{2 \cdot (1-\beta)^3 \cdot (1+\beta)} \cdot \frac{\sigma_{\text{max}}^2}{E} \cdot V$$

$$E_e = k_e \cdot E$$

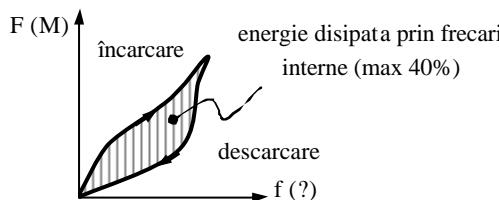


Figura 1.89

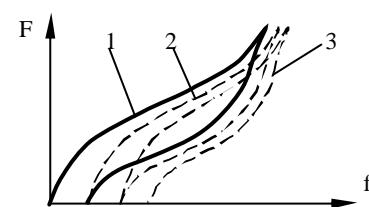


Figura 1.90

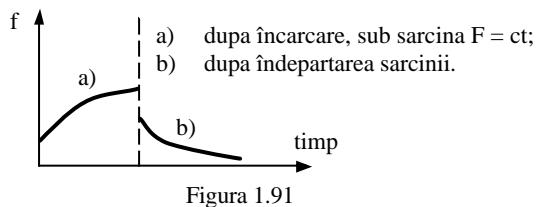


Figura 1.91

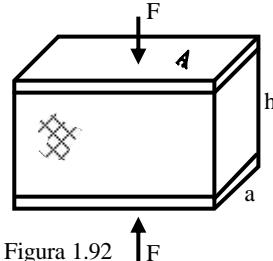


Figura 1.92

$$F = E \cdot \frac{A}{h} \cdot f$$

$$F = \beta \cdot E \cdot \frac{A}{h} \cdot f, \text{ unde } \beta = f \left( \frac{a}{h} \right) \text{ cu variația prezentată în figura 1.93}$$

$$\tau_f = \frac{F}{A} = \gamma \cdot G; \quad \gamma = \frac{F}{A \cdot G} \quad \text{tg} \gamma = \frac{f}{s}$$

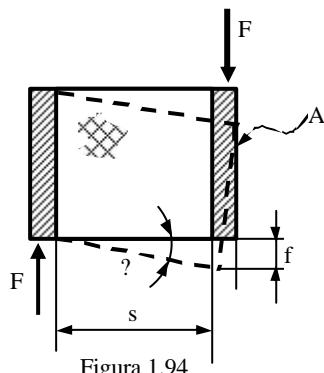


Figura 1.94

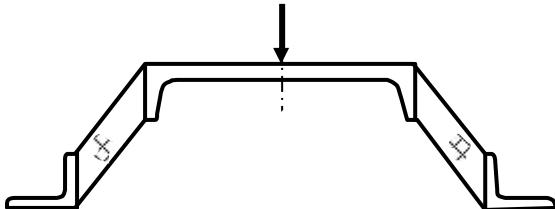


Figura 1.95

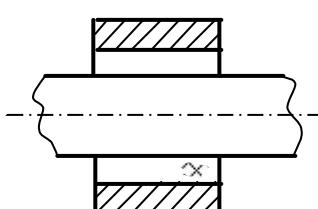
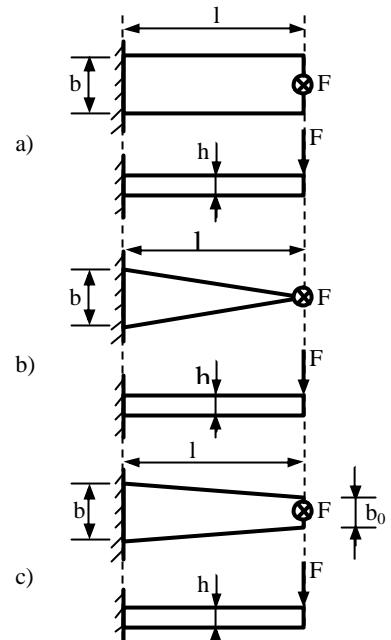


Figura 1.96

(1.121)



(1.123)

Figura 1.88

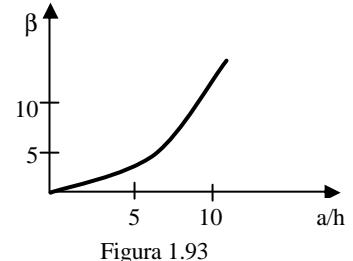


Figura 1.93

(1.124)

(1.125)

(1.126)

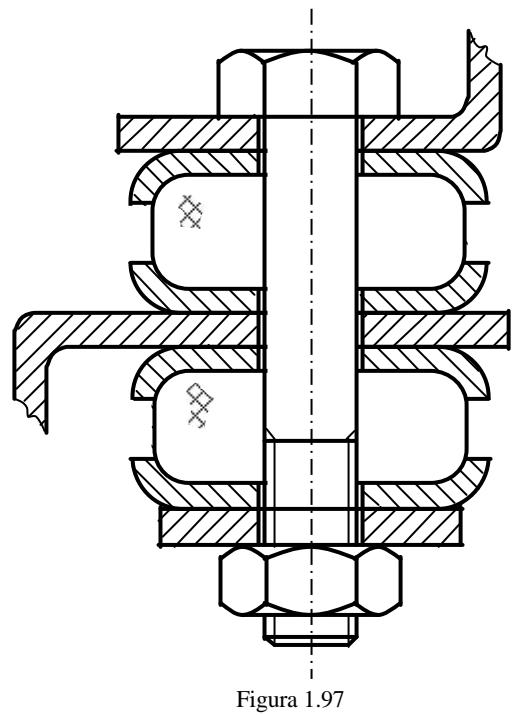


Figura 1.97